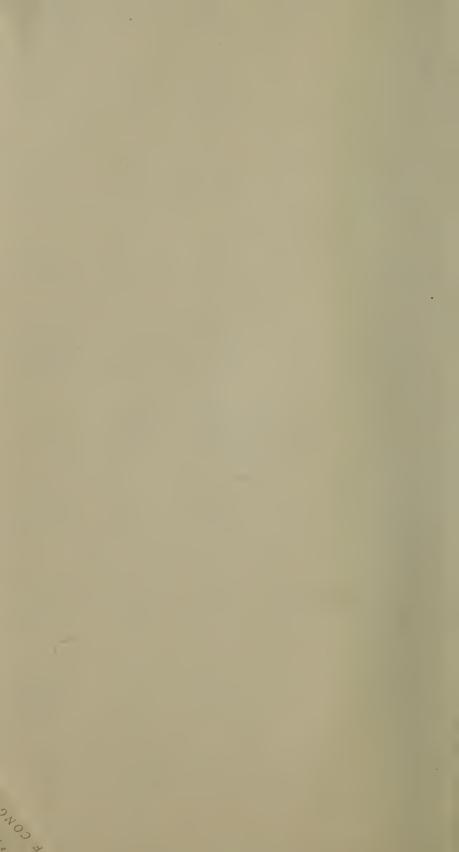
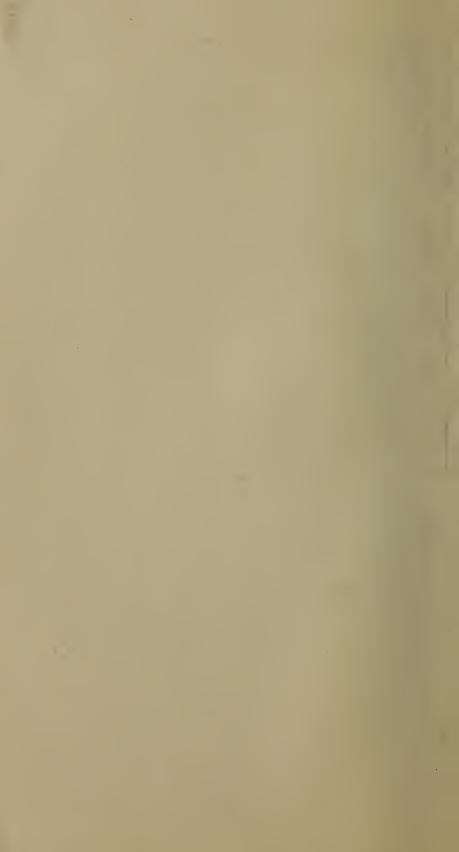
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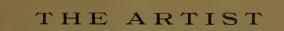












---OF----

# Quillamequaggum

AND OTHER POEMS,

INCLUDING THE

"Seer of Manito." "Only a Poor Mechanic," "Bill Jones," "Cutting the Trocha,"--a Cuban Episode. "Marie's Sacrifice," &c.

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ARDMORE, I. T., Ardmoreite Steam Print. 1896.



# THE ARTIST OF QUILLAMEQUAGGUM

----AND----

### OTHER POEMS.



Crankus Vagarius, prend.

ARDMORE, I. T.,
Ardmoreite Steam Print.
1896.

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#### PREFACE.

If the predictions of THE SEER OF MANITO are too metaphysical, and put too cool a quietus on sublunary things to suit the average reader, I would recommend the ARTIST OF QUILLAMEQUAGGUM as an afterpiece (like the farce after the tragedy) to restore his equanimity. Then he can lend himself to the adventures of the others with such zest as he can command, whether the scene is laid in Cuba, Africa, the United States, Ephesus or in the land of the "Brobdingnags."

Respectfully,

D. DAVIES.

## THE SEER OF MANITO.

Ho! that last glacial age in the long ago, When the mantling pall of ice and snow, Covering the earth like a winding sheet, From Atlantis to the Rockies feet; Piling Laurentian debris high Above the coals of Illinois, Leveling mountains in its course, With crushing, grinding, bestial force; When the "Ice King" piled the broad moraine, From high bold port on many a plain, As outworks to his stronghold grand, That covered all the northern land; That buried nations in its might, With sweeping, blind, relentless blight; Has left small trace of ancient art, Small trace of workshop, tower or mart. That marked where ancient civilization Had fought against disintegration. But, stripped of all that makes earth bright, Few, few survived the withering blight. In that far glacial age, man lost His joy in that once pleased him most. Forced to the most ungainly thrift, The glacial cave and river drift Betray small trace of what we feel Must once have been a commonweal; But forced to live mid ice and snows, Like wandering hordes of Eskemo's; Where once had been great populous nations

Were now mere scattered habitations, Where, on the ice-cliffs verge, a few Might scant subsistence gain. Adieu To thought of progress where no meed Awaits the man of brains or greed. Before there's progress architectural, Before there's progress intellectual, Before there's science, law and art: Advancement in each minor part That goes to make the varied scheme Of civilization, man must deem He has a right within the soil, He has a right unto his toil And what it brings him: Selfish ends, In aggregate, is that which tend To elevate the race. Each acts his part In field, in palace, court or mart; Each, subject to his rank and station, Is part and parcel of the nation; A freeman each in his degree, Each owning his own royalty; Blended together in one sense For government and for defense: Feeling the sense of power to hold That which his thrift can turn to gold; Banded together in the cause Of justice, liberty and laws, With all of their varying moods and phases That come from contact with the races With which we deal. Sweep all away, As did the ice in ancient day, Little is left to tell the story Of what was once a nation's glory; For, 'cept with fair environment, Civilization is but weak and faint: The intellect is dwarfed and stunted. The finer faculties are blunted: Man retrogrades. The mountain "cracker" Whose dreams are whiskey and "Terbacker" Came from that stock that on King's Mount, Would vanquish Tarleton, Vance or Blount;

But, buried in some quiet nook,
Remote from magazine or book,
Unknowing of the world's progression,
Begins the work of retrogression;
And he, who might have been a "Cass,"
Is now a brainless, senseless ass.
Four generations from that Boone,
Who sighed for wider elbow room,
We find a set of drivelling dolts
Instead of Clays, Lamars or Holts.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

The combat waged. How long? Who knows? The glacial age has passed; its snows, That battled long, but battled in vain Against onslaughts of sun and rain, But foot by foot had to give way Before the fervid of God of day. Like earth's great conqueror, matchless till He meets another greater still; Forced to give ground, with slow retreat Before fierce Phebus' fervent heat, Yet, urged by glacial power behind, Condensed by sun, rain, snow and wind, A constant, growing, ceaseless wave, Brought that to southern plains that gave A subsoil rich where waving grain Now grows upon the treeless plain, Supplying millions wants, with store To furnish many millions more, So list to this Saga of Manito's Seer Who lived in the glacial epoch drear.

#### THE SEER.

Once o'er the plains that stretched from the east To the base of the Rockies, dwelt man and beast; The bison ranged in countless herds, The forests rang with the songs of birds,

The tribes roamed over the forests wild, The soil was fertile, the climate mild; Storks fed on the lagoons of Illinois, And the world was filled with content and joy.

- 2 The winter's frost was scarcely known,
  The warmth was like that of the torrid zone;
  Art, science, law and education
  Had welded tribes into a nation;
  The harvests of Assineboi
  Fed fishermen of Illinois,
  And all was peaceful and serene
  As the lambs sporting on yon green.
- 3 A change came in those days of old;
  The climate suddenly grew cold,
  The streams were locked in winter's grasp,
  Which springtime rays could not unclasp,
  The glacial fields in widening course
  Moved onward with resistless force,
  Nor ceased until the sun's fierce glow
  Held them in check at the Ohio.
- 4 Forced by the logic of circumstance, men
  Sought shelter in caves, like beasts in a den.
  Improvement had ceased, despair stalked abroad,
  Famine and pestilence whetted the sword.
  Hardships, want, famine and pestilent breath
  Swept multitudes off to an unhonored death;
  Subjects rebelled, though our rule had been mild,
  And ruthlessly butchered man, woman and child.
- The moraines were formed of rock, clay and sand,
  The rank moist lagoon became tillable land,
  The constant accretions moved steadily on,
  Till forced to succumb to the heat of the sun.
  The waters ice walled on the north changed mouth.
  And their contents were drained to the far distant south

Where Chicago's Creek and the Illinois flow, The lakes sought drainage to Mexico.

- Races weaker in physique, but skilled in the arts,
  Used weapons of smoke 'gainst our arrows and darts.
  Walled by ice on one side, on the other fell foes,
  Sunk the sun of Maneeta, and nevermore rose.
  Numberless ages have swept to their graves,
  Gone are our wisemen, gone are our braves,
  Our nation has perished, its glories are gone,
  Oh! why am I left in my sorrow alone?
- 7 Once I read an old myth of a desperate fight
  7 Twixt the Titans of old through the morn, noon and
  night

Of an extended age: So, in hopeless defeat, The glacial band fought in their desperate retreat; Long they held to the line of the great northern waters,

Long the lakes drained into the great Father of Waters,

Till, the ice-barriers melted, like a laughing Lothario, The waves bounded north through the gorge of Ontario.

- South of the line of the great Northern bay,
  From Laurentian hills to Rockamonta,
  Long the ice-barrier lodged: The lake of the north
  Took the debris the Assiniboia sent forth.
  By the constant action of Jupiter Pluvius
  The Morass and bog slowly filled with Alluvias,
  Till, bursting its bonds with a mighty huzza,
  The waters uncovered sweet Manitoba.
- Oh, Manitoba! ere the glacial age, thou,
  From the great northern ocean to hot Mexico.
  From Labrador coasts to dark Florida,
  And west to the Rockies held limitless sway.
  The birch bark canoe floated over thy waters,
  O, brave were thy sons, and lovely thy daughters,
  My foresires in justice administered law,
  And peace ruled supreme throughout Manitoba.
- O Manitoba, sweet clime of the north!
  God's country thou art; land of honor and worth.

I look down the ages, I see a new race, Of different color, feature and face, Covering the land, from the east to the west, With broad iron roadways, with steeds of unrest, That panting and snorting with fabulous loads Scream with delight as they traverse thy roads.

Again I look: Again great changes: Low levelled are the mountain ranges. The wide plateau with thread-like seams, Growing into wild mountain streams, Disintegrating, grinding, breaking, Furrowing, pulverizing, shaking, Gives block by block, or grain by grain, What fills the distant sea or plain. Each stream that crashes through the hill Was once a harmless puny rill. But frost, snow, sunshine, wind and rain Have seamed the solid mountain plain Like a hand wide spread: Each space between The fingers is a mountain stream: Naught left but ridges which try in vain To hold the semblance of mountain chain. But such has been: The Titans slaughter Is but the action of wind and water, Frost, ice and snow, Sol's piercing rays Acting through countless, countless days, And in different ages to come yet the chains Of the ice king will captive hold Manito's plains. \*

Look Eons yet adown the ages: The Titans fight no longer rages. The powers that have always master been Are vanguished now. Moisture and rain No longer vivify the plain. The waters that once over all the earth Rippled and laughed in innocent mirth, Retreating, brought forth first the mountain chain, Then, later uncovered the blushing plain: Raging and foaming in wild joyous glee; Levelling the plateau and filling the sea, Have filtered through the thirsty earth To hidden fires. Now a land of dearth. No longer does earth crust expand With earthquake shock. Dry, streamless land, Surrounded by an envelope Of ether that has not a drop Of moisture to provoke a storm, Or show the rainbow's hue and form. All life-fish, insect, quadruped, Bird, tree and herb forever dead. No moisture in the soil to nourish Plant life that once on earth did flourish. Earth's hidden stores of coal and oil. Reluctantly, had yielded all To keep man's ravening wants supplied Ere desperate nations sank and died. The rivers long had ceased to flow; No longer formed rain, ice or snow. The fiery sun as the ages swept by Was slowly cooling in the sky And now shone on a cloudless earth Intensely cold. Bald, sterile dearth Was in all things. Internal heat, Ages had been in full retreat; All substances that warmth could give, Whereby a remnant small could live A few more hours, had long since vanished: The race of man, chilled, desperate, famished, Extracting meager nutriment From fossil forms long since extinct; In desperate greed, brother 'gainst brother, Father 'gainst son, slew one another.

The mother with haggard eyes, and wild, No longer food could give her child; The weaker tribes had long since vanished; The stronger, decimated, famished; Driven to madness with the strain Of myriad phantasms in each brain. In bestial struggles to maintain A bare existence: Sank to animals, They lived as famished cannibals, Till all were gone. The world was dead. No ice sheet o'er the land was spread, No frosty filaments were seen To mark where moisture once had been; But, wrapped with pall of cold intense, No atmosphere for a defense, Earth sank to rest—a ruined world— No Titan fragments outward hurled, No furrowed, labyrinthine scars, No rude concussion of the stars Its death throes marked; No Vulcan's wrath, No conflagration in its path— Death settled, cold, majestic, grand As ice pall o'er the arctic land.



## THE ARTIST OF QUILLAMEQUAGGUM.

A Tale of Pre-Adamite Times by Crankus Vagarius.

- If most costly elaborate viands
  Prepared by DeGastro of Gaul
  Were offered a confirmed dyspeptic,
  'Twould his gastric arrangements appal.
  Why? The man has no stomach, and so
  If I offer you food for the mind,
  And you have none to take it, don't grumble,
  But dig deep and a nugget you'll find.
- I talk not to vacuous brainless snobs,
  Nor to icicled chumps of frigidity;
  Who, having no humor within themselves,
  Would stiffen us all to rigidity;
  Useless pimples and warts on natures broad face,
  Seeing nothing outside "our society"
  Would sneer at the thought of a good hearty laugh,
  The index of healthful variety.
- 3 Dear brothers and sisters of Quallamequag, 'Tisn't often that poets and artists will brag; Though we gulp it down kindly, if our patrons will gush

At our marvelous works with pen, graver and brush.

And I'm sure I'll not feel that you use me ungallant If you say "brother Crankus shows wonderful talent."

We artists and doctors may hang out our sign; But 'twill forfeit our caste to advertise a line. 4 In grand old Cardiff are a dozen church spires;
And all of these churches have organs and choirs,
Where each singer bellows with fervor and zest,
And every one thinks his own clack sounds the
best.

Ah! your poets and songsters are one-idead men.

They remind me dear friends of our old speckled hen,

Who, laying an egg with immense ingenuity
Will ne'er rest content till she cackles to shew it ve,

5 Now your Fadladeen critic has little but curses For the singer of songs or maker of verses.

The bee sips sweet honey from the flower he flies on; Same, tapped by the spider yields nothing but pizon.

Your leader of choir, your black warbler of "Caws," Each thinks his own music most merits applause; So, critic, with songster and bard deal quite warily, For Ego is large in their heads necessarily.

6 Do you think that Miller, Poe, Bryant, or Whittier Would poetry write if they thought it unfit to hear? Do you think that Harte, Stoddard, or Lowell de Russell

Write verses just to cram under a bushel?
No! If drops something good from brush, pencil or pen,

All cackle it forth like our old friend the hen; This is well understood, though no words may be said,

"Look! See what a beautiful egg I have laid."

7 "In pre-Adamite days they had lectures and plays, And open air concerts legrand;

Where Quillamequaggumite numbskulls
The speakers oft hissed from the stand.

Often half-witted noodles, who thought themselves smart,

Would groan, cat-call, hiss, snort and sneeze; For those who know least about music and art Are always the hardest to please."

- 8 "I grieve to record that in Quillamequag
  Whenever an artist was singing,
  The accompanying squad, on timbrel and lute
  Made a most unmerciful dinging.
  'Tis so even now, for, go to a play,
  The orchestral bucks everlastingly bray,
  Pipe, fiddle and lute, drums, brasshorns and tin,
  Drown music and words with their hideous din."
- 9 "To vocal effect, the instruments all Should be subordinated,
  And a merciless thumper on ivory
  Is a nuisance that should be abated.
  Good, plain spoken English in ballad or song
  Though with moderate voice, by jingo!
  Is better to me than a seraphim's note
  Couched in some foreign lingo."
- 10 From Helico-bawl to Quillamequag,
  Come, Professor "De-run-on-the-treble clef"
  He selected some arias of classical fame
  Which he played on the "Bang-till-he-make-'em-deaf."
  - Such music! alas! 'Tis not heard in our age;
    He performed the Grand Wagner Enharmonic;
    And forty-seven whang-doodles howling with rage
    Would be mild to his cyclone climacteric.
- '''Twas a failure! Alas! Some boys in the pit,
  With heads soft enough to be plastic,
  Cried, 'Rats,' 'Wipe off your chin,' 'Chestnuts,'
  'Give us a rest,'

With other remarks quite sarcastic.

'Tis the same in this age. The average crowd Is for minstrel tomfoolery burning,

- As the Manna fed hordes of Moses
  For the flesh pots of Egypt were yearning."
- 12 "I have known many ladies of wealth,
  Refinement and social position
  To whisper, sneer, giggle and laugh
  While their neighbors were trying to listen.

Small meed has the artist to squander
On such infinitesimal brains
The well conceived double entendre
Or the jest that is chiseled with pains."

- ''I decry not the comical ditty,
   The jest or the minstrel's art,
   Quaint Sambo's mishaps in the city,
   Or brave Teddy exploring the mart;
   But I pray you be fair to your neighbor
   Who does not appreciate levity;
   Though you think to laugh and grow fat
   Is conducive to health and longevity.''
- 'The crowd cheers the grossest buffoonery;
  The antics of Yawcob or Pat,
  Where fine wit and delicate humor
  Would fall, as a batter cake, flat.
  'Tis the kernel that's hid in the nut;
  Takes a little brain effort to crack it,
  While the dullest can laugh at an idiot,
  Pin a tag on George Washington's jacket.''
- 15 "Ah! The world, social life, Mistress Grundy, methinks

  Are much the same now as of yore,

  For the plain man of modest merit

  Is dwarfed by the side of a blower.

  Aye! The man that is guiltless of brains

  Is sure to be puffed and conceited,

  As the monster balloon: 'Tis a slender affair
- 16 "How oft we see brazen effontery
  For genuine merit mistaken,
  How oft the true husband or wife
  For some shameless intriguer forsaken.
  Your chaffy wheat stalk standeth straight
  And scorns the filled head of the other,
  As some collegebred makeshift, with orders,
  Looks down on his less fortunate brother."

When of Hydrogen gas 'tis depleted."

- "Your Clay-eating, snuff-dipping women
  Are most angry unless they're dubbed ladies,
  And your goody-good prayers and preachers
  Dread cholera, fever and rabies.

  Your poet who sings of "Sweet Home"
  Is either an outcast or tramp,
  As your ranter of hellfire and brimstone
  Is a rascal, a fool or a scamp."
- 18 "Your honey-sweet warbler, I fear
  Is the devil to children and wife,
  And your fork-using critic but lately
  Only knew how to brandish his knife.
  Ah! I think that the world is a farce,
  That in Denmark—there's something quite rotten,
  When I see country girls dumped in town
  Don't know pumpkins, squash, carrots or cotton."
- 19 "In Quiliamequag they had doctors of physic Who cured all complaints from lumbago to phthysic,

Or professed so to do; for their medical schools Would often grind out some unmerciful fools.

'Gainst one luckless wight they would roar like dangnation.

For modestly arguing the blood's circulation.

Hiss 'quack!' 'fool!' empiric!' and hurl brickbats and rocks

'Gainst the man that would advocate using cowpox.''

- 20 "At Cardiff and Swansea the flashy-dressed maid Shuns her over-worked, ignorant mother,
  - And the starveling dude looks down with contempt On his plain dressed mechanical brother.
  - Matilda, Louisa, Jerusha and Jane
    - Will sneer at a thrifty mechanic,
  - While the gorgeous clerk working for six-bits a day Will set the dear things in a panic."
- 21 "Twas thus long ago; and how often we notice

The partners our girls choose for German or Schottische,

To sensible men they act boorish or rude, While they cling like grim death to the spider legged dude.

If I venture to say, 'neice, this man has some brain'—

'Brain's a thin thing to dance with, dear uncle,' says Jane.

'Talent like that doesn't count,' says Ann Meigs,
'But there's genius sure in the twirl of Bob's
legs.'''

- 22 "Metheglyn too stout makes a big bugaboo,
  Disturbing good quiet folks slumber,
  And a number six foot in a number three shoe
  Breeds bunions and corns without number.
  For fashion's sake, girls with a thirty inch girth
  Compress it with corset to twenty,
  And go to the boneyard at twenty and eight
  When they might have been healthy at seventy."
- 23 "Your parvenu, suddenly lifted to wealth, That on lousy old chums bangs the door, Ditto, wife from the washtub to affluence raised, Now exacting and harsh to the poor, Disgusted will turn from a grand masterpiece By Raphael, Turner or 'Bob' To a play bill engraved with a hatchet, Which at once they pronounce the best job."
- 24 "If an artist of exquisite talent
  Should play on the viol or lute
  In strains of melodious sweetness,
  It fails their coarse natures to suit.
  To their neighbors whose keener pεrception
  Appreciates beauty and art,
  They whisper, 'say, don't you think old Bob Jenkins
  Fiddles better nor that a right smart?""
- 25 "In Quillamequag, Dame Fashion decrees
  That an actress, in order the public to please

Must have twenty gallants at least in her train,

Though but one is entitled to call her 'sweet

Jane,'

According to law,—'tis a mighty thin show
If an actress has only one string to her bow.

A much married actress draws better than one That is cold, prudish, chaste, and tries evil to shun."

26 "With us 'tis the same: With faultless surroundings,

An actress will fail to draw nabobs or groundlings. 'Jerusalem Jenkins,' or 'Gloria Patrie'

Give place on the boards to bold 'Cleopatra.'

To rouse public feeling way down to the bottom, Dame Scandal must point to Langtry and Sara;

Then to get choice of seats the bald magnates of Gotham

Will rush like the winds o'er the plains of Sahara."

27 "Your wrinkled old actor tries his best to look young, Though windbroken, squinteyed, half deaf and knee sprung.

He swears in his bills (though he pads every limb)
That the ladies are madly devoted to him,
And send him love letters, a deluging shower,

Which to stop is entirely out of his power.

Fifty such letters he burns every day-

Bah! They were every one written by a scribe in his pay."

28 "In Quillamequag councils, 'tis said that their solons.

Though counting spondulix by hundreds of millions;

Placed in power by the people, will bleed 'em or bust,

To further the schemes of some big sugar trust, Fed on blue grass, dear colonels are apt to wax furious

And thicken blue ether with language sulphurious,

Or with top-lofty language in church matters shine While bobbing their bald pates at SWEET MADELINE."

'The patriot brave for his party God howls.

And shouts loud as hired chief mourners,

And with filth his opponents fair nest befouls

To crowds round saloons and street corners.

Protection, free silver, bimetal or gold,

The way that the matter now stands,

No matter who wins, the poor rascal can bet

He's a dupe in monopolists hands.''

30 "Free coinage, each rich silver baron will smile
With a fourteen inch grin on his phiz;
And if gold wins, the rich manufacturing crowd
Will immediately open up bizz.
Huge deals are in fashion; the populists there

Are with democrats rubbing their noses, While in Texas repubs, pops and gold men well fused,

To the daises are turning their toeses."

31 "At court balls, receptions, and fancy soirees,
The Quillamequag damsels the public to please,
In the hot flush of youth, would surge through the
press,

As they do in our times, all arrayed in full dress. What a monstrous misnomer! Yet, though Solons wax sad

To see lovely women so scantly clad; While my pulse bounds with life, I'm free to confess, 'Tis refreshing to see ladies decked in full dress.''

32 "I have sometimes been asked why I choose simple songs

Instead of grand classical Arias?

You are certain as night follows day to lose caste And be classed among musical pariahs.

Here is John Wynde, Kate Squeal, Nan Screech and Bob Blower,

Our boss choir, thinks such music a scandal;

Root, Emerson, DAVIES, and Bliss they ignore, And sing only Mozart and Handel."

33 "Have you heard them?" "I have." "Did you like them?" "So, so."

"They're the best in the county." "Oh! yes, yes, I know,

Every choir is the best, though each wind-broken rascal

Will shamefully butcher grand music and classical.

A Forzando tone will remorselessly cut it off,

34

Beat time with their voices when singing a dotted half,

Squeal, bellow and fret in a manner most strange, Yet always select music out of their range."

"Each amateur songster as soon as he's able
Plain music to grapple, shoves it under the table;
And your band tyro thinks that with Gabriel's key
bugle

He could rouse up the dead like Khan Khoob, the grand mogul.

They sneer at plain songs and to Tophet they fling them;

Then of classical anthems they make a sad guy.

Such arias I leave to the few that can sing them, Dear friends, and the numberless thousands that try."

35 "In musical matters you'll find some quite prominent Who don't know a Tonic chord from a subdominant;

Fret, scowl, pinch their throats, (unmusical grind)
Where the voice should roll free as the unfettered wind.

Even the clergy—tread softly—there's not one in ten Gives sentiment, feeling, or force to a hymn

When they read it; I tell you, dear friends, 'tis as wrong

To butcher the words, as to murder the song."

#### THE VILLAGE CHOIR.

BY MISS HIGH SEE.

36 "Let me show you, dear friends, our new village choir.

To sing like an angel each one does aspire.

Sure there's Mary and Jane, there's Kitty and Fan, oh!

They sing with my help most delightful soprano.

There's our sky-scraping tenor, with throat fit to lasso,

Craned to reach upper "B;" then Jim Collins the basso,

Here is Mattie McCoon and her sweet sister Sal, too; Great spoons! Don't they sing most amazing sweet alto?

37 There's a cloud in the sky, not predicted by Vennor.
Sal and Mattie McCoon have gone back on the tenor;

They aver it a fact, and they're able to show it;

He sang three notes on their staff, when his score
was below it.

Need I tell you dear friends, such small things I detest;

But in singing soprano all know I'm the best; If any so bold as deny this position,
Better order a coffin or get a physician.

38 Why, just think! F Sharp our tall tenore immaculate.
Is determined the choir he will never evacuate;
And he swears that Jim Collins, the Basso Profundo,
Sings by mains strength, Primo, Tertio, Secundo.
And, to tell you the truth, though an excellent

fellow,
Our leader B Flat does most terribly bellow;
His voice is too loud for Jane, Kitty and Fan, oh!
If it wasn't for me you could hear no soprano."

#### "THE WORD AT THE DOOR."

BY BOB BROWN.

Were making a neighborly call;
The farewells were spoken at nine o'clock sharp,
As she placed on her bonnet and shawl;
"Let me whisper one word"—at a quarter to ten,
Two streams of small talk still were pouring;
While poor I on the lounge, with my overcoat on,
Was contentedly sleeping and snoring.

#### THE MAJOR TELLS WHAT HE KNOWS.

#### BY DITTO.

40

- As a scribe for the Banner, I once made a call
  On a capital chap, Major Hattel.
  He alone in the army saw Swingletree fall,
  While leading his corps into battle.
  Says I, "Major H., you saw Swingletree fall?"
  "Why yes, my dear fellow, God bless you!"
  "Then be kind enough, Major, to tell what you know,
  And we'll publish it in our next issue."
- Placed our feet on the piazza railings;
  But I soon found that long winded stories
  Was one of the Major's failings.
  I sat him three days. He began at the war,
  At night talked of Russia and Poland,
  Next night talked of Smith and the big "Injun" girl,
  And the next night of Christopher Colon.
- My patience exhausted, at last, says I, "Major I am really unable to see
  What the 'dickens' all this palaver
  Has to do with my friend Swingletree."
  "A vast deal, sir," responded the Major,

"As I'll quickly proceed to show;
For you dodgasted rascal, you asked me
To tell you all that I know."

43 "I have been thus minute in description, says he, To remove all doubts and perplexity,

But I've used up no hour saying, just one word more

As your wife, sir, while holding the knob of the door."

Stumped at this, bewildered and caught in my trap,

I hastily picked up my satchel and cap.

"Now," says he, "I'm sorry, friend Brown, you must go

For in three or four years I might tell what I know."

#### THE RIVAL SONGSTERS:

OR,

#### THE NIGHTINGALE AND CROW.

44 'Tis said that one time in the long, long ago
A?nightingale had a dispute with a crow
As to which was the better musician.

Each stoutly maintained that his voice was the sweetest

The highest, the lowest, the clearest, the greatest;
Each vowed the tune taught by his own dad the neatest,

And the one altogether sufficient.

45 The spite in his bosom each bird failed to smother,
For whenever they met, they assailed one another
With rancorous hate in their greetings.
Each felt of the other most terribly jealous,

Each telt of the other most terribly jealous,
Each would puff, swell and bluster while filling his
bellows

To toot, as full oft I have noticed two fellows Of the human persuasion, at meetings.

As boys of today grow in time to be daddies,

As a quarrel must come to hard knocks 'twixt two
paddies,

So their row to a focus tended.

But neighbors of one said to friends of the other, "Let us hush if we can this outrageous bother." So they stated to one bird, and then to the other

A plan by which things might be mended.

Each bird then required a vast deal of teasing
Before he would listen to sound sense or reason,
For the plan, as proposed, was a wise one.
"Let us travel a straight line, due east and west,

'Till we come to a rock, then we'll sit down and rest,

And who first approaches, bird, man or beast, Shall tell which to place this prize on."

At last they agreed to this sensible plan;
And the nightingale hoped 'twould be left to a
man

With some glimmer of musical taste.

49

"Faugh! Hear that old crow with his boisterous hooting"—

Listen to me—"Bah!" says the crow, "stop your old tooting—

Why the devil keep up this foolish disputing, My CAWS shall not thus be disgraced."

They journeyed along 'till they came to a rock;
When the nightingale's feelings received a rude shock,

For who should approach but John Donkey.

However, the compact could not be debated,
So quickly, to John the question was stated,
Who with unwonted honor felt highly elated,
Though some good folks reckoned John cranky.

50 "Well," (brays) says John, "I'll accept the position with pleasure,

Come, Sir Nightingale, troll us a stave, or a measure,

A song, hymn, ditty or ballad;

For music, you see, I've a bountiful ear,

And my voice (brays) is always amazingly clear;
Here my bones I will rest, while you tune up, my
dear.

Faith I'll munch this fine bundle of salad."

51 Then the nightingale perched on some tall granite rocks

And his notes would wring tears from the heart of an ox,

So clearly and sweetly they blended.

All bird-dom acknowledged him musical king;

Aye, even the bird of the grand swooping wing; Never, never such notes did a nightingale sing; All nature was hushed when he ended.

52 "Well, (brays) my friend, you're a buster, you are sharp as a Yankee,

And you sing doggone well," says our noble John Donkey,

"But as yet I withhold my decision;

An umpire must list to both sides, you must know, So we'll lend our ears to our friend, Master Crow;

Come, Jimmy, cheer up, show us what you can do—All right, that's a splendid position."

53 James M. Crow takes position, he clears up his throat—

Now the prairie resounds with the harsh screeching note

Of his CAW, CAW so long drawn and lanky.

See! our donkey judge loses all sense of decorum;

He strides up and down like a man in the forum,

And joins in the song with his hic (bray) hoc (brays) horum (brays)

In the soul stirring strains of a donkey.

54 "I know (brays) Master Nightingale that maketh you sick.

Ah! 'tis seldom I hear such excellent music;
'Tis almost as good as what I make,
Whenever I serenade (brays) charming Miss
Jennet—

Ho! She kicks up her heels and is gay as a linnet—
I can not withhold my decision a minute—
The prize doth our friend Master Crow take."

55 Much more of this sort says one excellent judge;
While the nightingale hangs down his head and says "fudge"—

In the tone of an old time Virginian.

"I'm compelled to abide by our judge's award
Though any fool knows the decision absurd;
But yet I will sing and my voice shall be heard;

This, at best, is a donkey's opinion."

## THE STORY OF BELLY-GROW-BIG,

#### THE FAMOUS WELSH EATER.

The Quillamequags of famous Cardiff,
In Pre-Adamite days long gone by,
Sent for Belly-Grow-Big, the Welshman,
One Christmas, or Fourth of July,
Saying, "Sure we have wagered, friend Belly,
As you are more than an ordinary 'Taffy'
That you can at a single sitting
Devour a four-hundred pound calffy."

Trossed the face of our primitive Taffy;

"I'll do it tomorrow," "No, do it today,

We are now barbecuing the calffy."

"Good day boys," says he, "Au revoir, au revoir,

I'll be back in two hours and a half;

I'm going to Swansea to gobble an ox,

Returning I'll tackle your calf."

## THEOLOGY IN QUILLAMEQUAGGUM.

SHOWING OUR VAST SUPERIORITY.

58 Twas a strange faith that flourished in Quillamequay.

Superstition, deep-dyed in the wool, there held sway.

They believed in a God of all nature:

Held that all things existent were made by his hand;

That he had no pet people, no base cut-throat band, That suns, systems, planets—the universe grand Moved throughout space by the will and command Of this one indivisible Maker.

59 Their reasons were warped, for they firmly believed That all men were destined, in time to be saved From the gloom of a shadowing hell.

That in the grand plan of creation, man's ways
From youth to old age, through life's devious maze
Was known from the first to the Ancient of Days,
Who said of his work, "It is well."

60 How feeble such dogmas to us who are schooled In modern theology. Tempted, tried, ruled By diabolic monsters of evil;

Luring man to his fall, giving God the blank lie, Sowing discord throughout the broad realms of the sky,

Uplifting foul arms to dethrone the Most High, Led by Satan, the grand master devil.

61 Ah! we relish strong creeds, though ninetenths of mankind

God's mandates find cruel, harsh, devilish, unkind, Tried by modern robustious theology.

"Though Christ died for all, yet on quivering sand,

Lapped by treacherous waves, the unorthodox stand:
We are saved, yet hell's jaws for our foes will
expand

And devils will shout their doxology."

#### STORY OF BISHOP PINCH-LIMB.

Tis a tale of a worthy old bishop who traveled In Wales, headquarters at Swansea,

Who, like many a man with an overworked noddle, Possessed one peculiar fancy;

But so firmly impressed and believed in, that nothing

His friends said could soothe him or pacify: It was this: As age drew upon him, he feared That his bodily members would ossify.

43 A most excellent man, yet this one monomania

He talked through the cities and provinces;

And knowing this foible 'tis said that his friends

For the same made all needful allowances.

Hip, thigh, leg and arm he would pinch every day Making thus a careful analysis,

To observe that each member when pinched should display

No signs of approaching paralysis.

4 The Countess of Gower invited the bishop,
Lords, knights and fair ladies to tussle
With an elegant dinner of beef and plum pudding
She had spread on the boards of the castle.

On the right of the countess one worthy old priest, Dressed in farthingale, surplice and gown,

Biessed the board and all present, and then to the feast

All hands and the cook sat down.

65 He grabbed at his leg for the usual analysis,
While an extra broad smile illumined her grace.
Still harder he pinched, but the dreaded paralysis
Was certainly coming to judge from his face.

At first a pained look, then a yell like cat screeching From one good worthy priest, who in great consternation

Yelled "'itis on me at last—it has come sure as preaching!

I've been pinching my legs yet I feel no sensation."

66 Lords, ladies and knights shook their heads and commented

At such a finale to such a grand feast;

Some averred the good bishop was surely demented, When the countess addressed thus the people and priest:

"Be easy, good friends, stop this racket and row; Be seated again and finish the stew;

For this is the truth," said the Countess of Gower,
"Tis my legs he's been pinching the last half an hour."

## THE ARTIST OF QULLAMEQUAGGUM.

BY CRANKUS VAGARIUS OF YE OLDEN TIME.

- 'Tis said in the mythical days of the past, sir,
  The first artist essayed a picture;
  And spying a quadruped out in the pasture
  He produced an amazing caricature.
  Unlike modern artists with palette, brush, stool,
  Canvass, easel, and pigments in plenty;
  His paint and his brush was a piece of charcoal,
  And his canvass, a rock hard and fiinty.
- 68 Like an urchin when rearing a structure of blocks, Our artist was highly delighted, And gleefully made many scrawls on the rocks To show to his brethren benighted. To the call of the artist, howe'er it was made, A hundred or more came together; Just as now, every boy in the squad knowing more Than his DADDY and MAM put together.
- 69 Now whether by whistling, by squeaking or grunting,
  For language devices, I care not;
  Whether naked and hairy, or covered with bunting,
  For truth's sake, to tell you I dare not;
  But ignoring all questions of costume and style,

A hundred or more for a quorum, "Guess what 'tis," said the artist: then each took one trial,

As he gazed on the picture before him.

John Quillamequaggum, the elder,
He gave a most knowing and sensible grunt,
And said 'twas a Whack-till e-welder!
Now these like the Fetch-your-gun Johnnie's have
gone
To the morass, the bog and the sink-hole,

To the morass, the bog and the sink-hole, Along with the Mastock, the Ichthy-co-john, And the Hy-drix-i-col-i-co-dinkle.

71 Old John stepped aside, then sweet Peggy, his bride,
With a fur coat as sleek as a beaver,

Her eyeglass screwed in, shook her bracelets of tin,

And vowed that they could not deceive her, For she and old John for eight hundred years. Had kept their eyes peeled, Holy Moses! And this picture evincing such artistic skill Is meant for a Drink-mit-your-noses.

72 The third one affirmed that old Peggy and John Being so aged, were scarcely to blamee But cosmopolites, surely, could tell from the sketch

'Twas a Melican-man-alle-samee.

The fourth one averred, "from the size of the flaps Like panniers each side of a saddle

As I have but one guess you must see that I am right;

'Tis a Fetch-him-a-lick-on-the-noddle."

73 Number five now danced in with a hop, skip and jump,

Saying, "aw that ith weally quite fine,

But 'twould weally be bettah if ouah ahtist had uthed

Nithe blue colahed chahcoal like mine."

Ah! A dude of the dudes was our friend number five,

He parted his hair in the middle:

- Of a musical turn he would rasp hour by hour His one tune (brays) on the Quillamequag fiddle.
- 74 Rejoice, clothing men that you live in our day;
  Ye Christian, ye Pagan, ye Jew,
  For the raiment in fashion in Quillamequay
  Gave the clothiers but little to do.
  Skintight was his outfit, bewitching his phiz
  As any in Barnum's zoology;
  Modern dudes! What are they? Simply copies
  reduced
- 75 The next one says "Brethren of Quillamequag,
  Our artist has sure made a puzzle;
  It mostly resembles a Whall-a-me-whag,
  Though his ears are too long for his nozzle.
  But aside from some defects in shaping his nose,
  And one leg being six inches the shortest,
  If it is nt meant for a Whall-a-me-whag
  It's a Pack-up-your-duds-son-and-go-west."

Of the dudes before Homer's Geology.

- 76 Thus one and the other vented their criticisms
  On the work of the artist in charcoal:
  The punster delivered some marvelous witticisms,
  While the artist wished him in a dark hole.
  They all seemed to think that the artist had taste,
  Though his efforts seemed pained and laborious,
  And thought if he worked six or eight hundred
  years,
  He might really wax quite meritorious.
- 77 The poor artist wept. Do you wonder my friends?
  He resigned his artistic profession;
  But when feeble and ready to meet the pall-bearers,
  He made this alarming confession;
  "That 'twas neither a Mastock, an Ichthy-co-john,
  A Hy-drix-i-col-i-co-dinkle.

A pack-up-your-duds-and-go-west-my-dear-son, But a Quadru-ped-hos-per-i-winkle."

When art thus from Quillamequaggum was banished,
These three-fingered gents went to fighting,
'Till like Kilkenny cats, the last warrior vanished,
Which their maids left a pitiful plight in.
But whether fresh beaux with more or less toes
For a time these fair Amazons cherished,
Is more than you, I or any one knows,
For the last Quillamequaggumite perished.

Perished! Perished! Alas! They mingled their forms

With the dust of the Megathausorum

And the bones of the Cardiff giants hobnob
With the Big rooster high cock-a-lo-rum.

They sleep their last sleep; but science, alas!
Has evolved their remains from the caskets;

And found by careful analysis,
That they make MOST EXCELLENT PHOSPHATES.

And along with remains of the Ichthy-co-john,
The Quadruped-hoss-per-i-winkle,
The Pack-up-your-duds-and-go-west-my-dear-son
And the Hy-drix-i-col-i-co-dinkle,
Are skeletons vast, of long since defunct types;
That would stagger Munchausen's rich fancy,
Which as pulverized phosphates once more are
diffused
O'er the valleys of Cardiff and Swansea.



#### THE RESCUE OF ZINGALAY.

AN BPISODE OF THE MATABELE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA IN 1896.

- "To horse! to horse! in the twilight gray;
  To horse! to horse! for the Matabele
  Have risen in arms and are thundering down,
  With vindictive wrath, on fair Zingalay's town."
  Their sinewy forms on coursers fleet,
  That reck not of storm or the mid-sun's heat,
  Sweep all before them in frenzy and wrath;
  Leaving a fire-ravaged desolate path.
  Armed with magazine rifle and sharp assegai;
  Death! death is the watchword of Matabele.
- 2 "To horse, boys, to horse!" over hill and away, The troopers are off for the Matabele. There are forty odd miles to Zingalay's town, And the hillsides are barren, and parched and brown.

Ho! merry their hearts, but fierce gleams the light
In the eyes of each man as he speeds to the fight.
Reckless plainsmen are they that would spring into
death

With a smile on the face and a jest on the breath To save helpless ones from the Matabele,
The blood-reeking dart or the sharp assegai.

3 Little is said till they sweep o'er the brow Of the mountain. "God's blessing! see how They're fighting! dash on, on!" said laughing Will Brown,

"Perhaps we can yet save fair Zingalay town.

Ah! fierce is the conflict and keen is the strife

Down in the vale where they're fighting for life.

Fire and smoke mark the wreck of the outlying kraal—

Hark! the sound of the battle is borne on the gale—

On, on gallant boys, soon we'll join in the fray With these bloodthirsty devils of Matabele."

4 Ho! The heart of each rider beats high in his breast.

Here are sons of the east, the south, north and west.

Men from Cambridge, from Yale, Oxford, Italy, Spain,

In far Afric are brothers, lured by prospects of gain.

Ah! wherever the savage with murderous knife Wantons with innocent blood, then, in strife

Each is kin to the other, country's claims are ignored,

For Civilization each man draws his sword,

As these to the rescue of Zingalay ride

O'er the sun-scorched plain and the steep mountain side.

5 When the last stand was made on the Little Big Horn,

The strains of 'Our Country' on the breezes were borne

As Custer's doomed men with true Spartan pride, Died like brave Greeks on Thermopyle's side.

Now, three years have vanished since Wilson's brave men,

Trapped in the savage Lobengulas den;

Cut off from succor by Shanganis' flood,

While hordes of black Impi's were thirsting for blood,

Sang "God Save the Queen" as they perished that day,

When they made their last fight 'gainst the Matabele.

6 'The old guard,' by murderous onslaughts depleted, When from Moscow, in winter, the Frenchmen retreated,

Had dwindled, till, crossing Borysthenes' flood, But one man was left who the foemen withstood.

He, faint from deep wounds, still stands to his arms,

As the Cossacks press round him with wars wild alarms;

E'en the rude sons of Asia respectfully stand,
And, scorning to slay the last of that band,
They list to his challenge with bearts strong

They list to his challenge, with hearts strangely tender,

"The old guard may die but will never surrender."

7 Ah! we of the western world glory in thought
Of the deeds that our Saxon forefathers have
wrought.

The Meaven that unites us in one common land, Peacefully sharing our heritage grand,

Comes from the blood of our English fore-sires, Fearlessly offered on Liberty's fires.

To our Saxon ancestry, then let us prove true;
Yet true to our colors, the red, white and blue;
So let hearts throb with pride as our kindred and

Are victorious now o'er the Matabele.

8 "Fire a volley now, boys, let them know we are near-

Charge up you hillside with a good rousing cheer—Now plunge in the fight." Ho! the Matabele
Are taken by storm and they yield in the fray.
The settlers, hard-pressed in the unequal battle,
Fighting from ramparts of bullet-slain cattle
That in haste they had driven the previous night
With loved ones for safety to Zingalay's height,
Had fought against terrible odds all that day

Had fought against terrible odds all that day 'Gainst magazine rifle and sharp assegai.

9 Ho! success to Rhodesia! let Brittain have sway; For Ham to the Aryan, must yield in the fray.

Celt, Saxon, Latin, the heart of each ranger Scorned the thought of peril or danger.

Right or wrong be the cause, when humanity cries.

Man flies to the rescue; he conquers or dies. So Spartan in honor, in valor and pride,
They rode as only the fearless can ride;

- Then a health to the troopers who saved Zingalay From the murderous cut-throats of Matabele.
- All colonization is based upon wrong.

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Did our fore-sires do right when they bought for a song

From the untutored Indian, the vast fertile plains East and west of the great Appalachian chains?

Even now in the west, in the great reservation,

Though bound by our Uncle Sam's sealed obligation,

Peaceful, it may be, but still sure and slow,

There are forces at work undermining poor 'Lo;'

For 'Saxa' and 'Arya' with banners unfurled, Resistlessly march to the sway of the world.

### ONLY A POOR MECHANIC.

- "'Tis only a poor mechanic." Twas quickly noised around,
- As in breathless haste the people rushed where ruin strewed the ground.
- "The damage to life is very light, but the loss falls very heavy
- On Hardgrip and Pinchnickel by this bursting of their levee."
- "'Tis only a poor mechanic: I'm sorry, but feel worse
  - For Brother Hardgrip who is hurt in person and in purse;
  - For with all this wreck and ruin, 'twill take a month to make up
  - The losses that he has sustained by this confounded shake-up."
- 3 "Tis only a poor mechanic." What notes of deep disdain!
  - But the anguished face of the weeping wife was furrowed o'er with pain;

- "Oh, God! our help, our stay is gone—what shall we do for bread,
- Now husband, father, ALL is gone—he breathes—he is not dead!
- 4 For Christ's sake, fetch a surgeon, quick!" the stricken woman cried;
  - "Perhaps his life may yet be saved if remedies are tried."
  - But the surgeon dresses Hardgrip's toe, slight though the bruises be,
  - Nor deigns to look at the dying man till guaranteed his fee.
- 5 "Tis only a poor mechanic; that's all; and he is dead."
  - His wife and children roam the streets in the struggle for daily bread,
  - While in the hated Potter's field unknown, unwept at large,
  - They cursed the poor mechanic buried there at the city's charge.
- 6. Only a poor mechanic; yet the widowed and fatherless mourn
  - O'er the loss of loving protector from their arms thus rudely torn;
  - And tears of bitterest anguish o'er that lonely grave are shed,
  - Though sculptured marble marks not where rests the lowly dead.
- 7 Only a poor mechanic, scarce missed from the busy crowd,
  - With a heart that sighed for a better lot, with an honest soul endowed,
  - Who toiled and struggled with might and main for wife and loved ones dear,
  - But had failed to lay bright dollars by, a rainy day to cheer.

- 8 Who judges the worth of the casket before he has lifted the lid?
  - Ah! beneath an uncouth exterior a sensitive soul oft is hid;
  - Then, success to the poor mechanic, though scanty and small be his pay,
  - Who labors for those that are dearest through the turmoil and dust of the day.
- 9 Ah! sometimes this thought does impress us as being exceedingly queer,
  - That men with incomes, five, ten, twenty thousand a year
  - Will mutter and grumble that prices so exorbitant they must pay
  - These extortionate GREASY mechanics who charge them two dollars a day.
- 10 And if financial misfortunes o'ertake a poor laboring man,
  - God pity, assist and defend him from sharks of the Hardgrip clan
  - Who would take, without scruple, the last from his little coffer and store,
  - And like insatiate demons still greedily watch for more.
- 11 Aye! who would compel their victims, despite their pressing need,
  - To pledge all future prospects to stay their insatiate greed.
  - What reck they that every advantage from childhood is swept away,
  - So their capacious pockets absorb the mechanics pay?
- 12 Honor the brave mechanic, aye! honor the work of his hand;
  - For that is the sign of advancement and culture in every land;
  - Who looks for civilization where his foot-prints have not been?

- Who looks for science and art and law where the wigwam and hovel are seen?
- 13 Honor the brave mechanic whose labor your homes adorn;
  - Hail him as 'man and brother' with a welcome hearty and warm;
  - All are children of ONE GREAT PARENT, the bountiful GOD OF LOVE;
  - The MASTER MECHANIC AND BUILDER of the eternal worlds above.

## "CUTTING THE TROCHA.".

#### A CUBAN EPISODE-1896.

- 1 "Away for the line of the trocha." The band, With revolver in holster and machete in hand, Stealthily pass in the night, cut the wires, Spring on the parapet, kindle the fires. The sentries on duty are swept from their feet With murderous bullet and deadly machete. A panic ensues for the moment; but then The long roll is sounded, the quick tramp of men Is heard on all sides; so the leader, Bob Day, Shouts "Vamose the ranch, away lads, away."
- 2 A rapid retreat, a vault onto horse—

  To the hills, to the hills they are taking their course.
  - At a good swinging gallop they ride full three hours; Rest their steeds—"list! hark! saddle boys, by the powers!
  - That's the tramp of pursuers." They have mounted again

And are speeding away over valley and plain; They gain for a time on the band in pursuit, "Ho, ho," laughs Bob Day, "every dandy galoot Is safe and sound yet, and if horse-flesh holds out, In less than an hour we'll be in our redoubt."

- 3 The sun has arisen—"look! look down the road; See that squad of guerrillas bent on plunder—by G—d!
  - We must rescue the women those scoundrels have bound-
    - Charge 'em boys." Four rascals have bitten the ground;
  - The three women mount on the steeds thus released, Then all speed again towards the hills in the east.
  - "We are half a mile yet in advance of you troop,
    And we lack a doggoned heap of being in the soup;
  - Look to your tools, boys, there's four to our one,
    And if they round us up there'll be bushels of fun."
- 'Ride to the front, we will bring up the rear,'
  Said Bob Day to the Cubans who smiled in reply,
  'Nay, we are not cowards, we fear not to die.
  Stop not for us if we fall in the strife,
  But ride for the lines as you value your life;
  We know how to handle our weapons full well,
  And, come to the worst, our lives we can sell;
  My life is no more than yours, senor,'' says she,
  'And I'll part with it freely for Liberty.''
- 5 A volley—another—two men bite the dust—
  ''Take to the timber—we'll whip 'em, or bust—
  Up the ravine—by the big sainted Turk,
  But we've got 'em demoralized! shoot in your
  work—
  - Dismount—keep your cattle 'twixt you and the foe.''
    A dozen or more of the foemen lie low.
  - The senoras smile for in front of them lay

    The forms of four horsemen that fell in the fray.
  - Now one-half of the foemen are stealthily seen Moving through copse that commands the ravine.
- 6 "Mount again, charge the troop that are barring the path—
  - Swing the trusty machetes, boys, like demons of wrath,"

They break through the press, but five brave men are slain,

And one of the women is stretched on the plain.

They are spurring their steeds and now gain on the foe.

For their swift headlong charge had a dozen laid low.

"On, on to the hills, we have friends over there— See! they check the pursuit—the fiends do not dare To come within reach of the lion, hurrah!

We are safe amongst friends, hurrah, boys, hurrah!"

## BILL JONES.

THE LAST PRIVATE OF LEE'S ARMY.

- Bill Jones was a soldier boy true;
  He had fought all the way through the war;
  He trained with the BUTTERNUT crew
  And carried full many a scar.
  He fought as a private soldier;
  Simply one of the rank and file;
  No man had a heart that was bolder;
  Though many could sport more style.
- William Jones was oft grimy and sooty,
  But he knew how to handle his gun;
  He was never a dude nor a beauty,
  But a hero when fighting was on.
  He was never a flincher from danger;
  He always obeyed his commanders;
  And on duty as gunner and ranger
  Would outswear a trooper in Flanders.
- He follows the rattle and boom
  Of the cannon, where General Lee goes,
  And never is he left at home
  To take care of twenty stout negroes,
  Like many a fire-eating ranter
  That is lucky enough to be rich,

For Bill isn't the son of a planter;
And must fight till he reach the last ditch.

- 4 But now, it is more than a score
  Of years since the fighting is over;
  Yet Bill, as a church-mouse is poor,
  Or a pig that has ne'er tasted clover.
  He lives in a cabin that's rented,
  Dines on bacon, corn-dodger and pones,
  And ne'er since we left Λppomattox
  Had I seen my old comrade Bill Jones.
- 5 Says I "Hello! Billy, good morning!
  Don't you know me, you doggoned old stager?"
  When he answers me "Whut ez yer handle?
  Air yer guv'nor 'er kernul 'rmajer?"
  "Ho!" says I, "Bill, you rusty old bummer,
  We were privates in company K,
  And we fought under Longstreet that summer
  In old Pennsylvania."
- 6 As in language terse, pointed and graphic,
  I talked of brave Pickett's command;
  A bountiful smile and seraphic
  His countenace did expand.
  ''I've ben the most lonsomest critter,
  I told yer, in ole Tennersee;
  Fer I've looked many a year fer a soldier
  What fout under Jacks'n 'nLee.
  - I foun' three what trained under Johnston,
    'N two frum th'army uv Hood;
    One cripple thut fit with Dick Taylor,
    But none that 'ith Kirby Smith stood.
    Thank th' Lord! here's my ole frien' Jack Maddox
    Puts er thar jes' as squar 'za Journal,
    Thet, sence he lef' Appermattox,
    He hasn't growed inter a Kernel!
- 8 Say Jack! I've jes tookened a trip
  All erround at a heap uv expense;
  An' the privates roster is nit,

While the Ossifers roll is immense.
I called fer er show uv th'han's
In Marylan' my Marylan'
But I foun' the last private had gone;
There was nary a han', no nary a han'.

- 9 I wen' down ter Fortress Monroe, Then over ter ole Richmon' town; Thar was nary a private lef', But thet rus'y ole bummer, Tim Brown; Yer may travil th'rail-road kyeer Frum Tampa ter ole Baltimo', An' daggone it all Jack, I swar, Not a private his noddle 'ud show.
- I driv 'ith ole Spavin ter Tex,
  I taurked 'ith both Yankee 'nRebel:
  The privates hed passed'n ther checks,
  'R as some sed 'hed gone ter the debbil.'
  But 'n Marylan' V'ginny', Kyarerline,
  'V kernuls thar crap wez immense;
  Thar war twenty-seven thousan' an' nine
  Er straddlin' stool, donkey'r fence.
- 11 Thar air fellers what taurks by the'our,
  Over coffee'n lobsters'n chowder,
  'V their valor, thair bravery 'n power,
  W'en th'fack is they never smel't powder.
  'Nwhite-livered scoundrels z'heap,
  'Fa sentry hed tole 'em ter stan'!
  'Nd hev runned like er passel'v sheep,
  Air ther braves' men now'n th'lan'.
- How off' I've been moanin'n winkin'
  Thet ther private soldiers'v Johns'n
  'N th'others whut fout agin Link'n
  Hev dwin'ld ter fi▼'r six doz'n.
  An' 'tsfunny thet aurl'r foun' worthy
  'V promotion erbove us ole stagers,
  Fer we fin' thet young men less'n thirty,
  'R'allready dubbed cap'ns an' majers.

- 13 'N sometimes we fin' turbid souls
  Eternally growlin' 'n furssin;
  Jes' like us at one time sech big fools
  Thet each thaurt he c'd whip harf'r dorzen
  We hev wearily tramped o'er the road
  Frum Richm'n ter Charls'son 'n Cairo,
  'N fer fightin'n marchin'n bile
  They air welcome ter hev my full sheer, oh!
- 14 Jack Maddox, dear fren'v m'heart, I know doggone little 'bout flattery, 'N I see you hev changed a right smart Sence we trained 'n ole Puwtermugs battery. Huh! 'twas music then, sweet to our ears, T'list to the shells dainty whistle; 'N'we fared through four wearisome years, Many s the time 'na soup-bone 'rgristle.
- 15 'N ez'n due course uv events
  Each galoot chap mus' pass'n his checks
  Es he's borne ter ther rear frum th'tents;
  Your turn, Jack'rmine may kum nex'.
  But while we're permitted to live;
  Whatever our rank, race or nation,
  Let us pray the Great Father to give
  Us hearts meet and fit for our station.
- 16 And, Maddox I often have thought,
   Though we suffered and bled for the Gray,
   That in casting the nations accounts,
   It is well that our side lost the day.
   And, though in our own heart of hearts
   To Dixie we'll ever be true,
   We will cherish our GRAND COMMON LAND,
   And live—aye! and DIE for the Blue."



#### BIANCA CAPELLO.

A FRAGMENT OF A 16TH CENTURY TRAGEDY.

ACT I—Scene 4—(Room in Capello's palace.)

(Enter Bianca) Bianca—"Sold! like an ox that's for the market gorged! Aye! sold! to minister to foul corroding lust!

To populate the state, forsooth, ha! ha! (laughs) With sickly progeny and cankering scrofula! Must I? A scion of that race whose mighty prowess In the long-gone days when Adria's isles, Now crowned by lovely Venice, had slight coherence, Unmarked by pile and colonnade, and where The humble fisher craft, in tortuous course Unchallenged passed where now the glorious pillar Of Saint Mark defies the'mbattled world-bah! What, then was Venice? What, then, the race From which the merchant princes of today Are proud to claim descent? What but a band Of desperate ruffian thieves and outcasts foul, Forced by an outraged people from the main, And driven to shelter 'mid the rushes of the noisome Rank lagoon? Patrician blood! indeed! The finest strain that courses through the veins of Araby

Is strengthened when 'tis mixed with Tartar blood
Inured to arduous exercise upon the steppes.
The golden tiara adorned with gems
That graces now the brow of England's queen
Was once a pirates treasure.
If fond tradition errs not, my own fierce nature
Is derived from Suabian loins unwilling lent
To bold patricians lust three generations gone.
Thence, taken by childless wife and claimed, forsooth,
To further ends of state and selfish policy,
And increased prestige give to name of Morosin.
Patrican blood! a farce! Guard kingly blood
With jealous care from plebian contact: What then?
Do we not see a race dwarfed, imbecile, deformed,
A prey to vicious lusts, unbalanced, weak?

Without the aid of nobler intellects raised from the masses,

The glorious fabric of the state would totter,
And law give place to chaos. Anarchy
With baleful hand would seize the reins of state,
And, in a wild ungoverned mood would dash
Like storm-driven bark upon a dangerous coast.
Patrician blood! It sickens me to note the stress
Laid on the accident of birth by those with whom
I am in daily contact thrown. To see the mass
Of books in libraries filled—filled, page on page, with
what?

The vilest trash forsooth: the pedigrees Of purse-proud—pirates—if backward traced To the paternal head. I will have none of them, Not 1. I will not mate with base voluptuous churl, 'To bolster up a falling family, or minister to Brutish ravening lust. Rather will I bestow my hand, (And with my hand such fortune as by force or stealth I can appropriate) on that young prentice Pietro, Whose uncle lives in Florence. I faith! He is a comely youth, and bold. But yestere'en. upon the Grand Canal, Did he not almost make me own my love, When I, by strength of my patrician birth, Would at a distance hold him? True. I feel that I with Pietro could endure The world's cold shoulder, brave its shrugs, its frowns, And be to him a true and loyal wife. Aye, Though e'en gaunt Penury with foul embrace Should clasp me, and force me earn my bread With vile, ungainly thrift; seaming my features With furrowing lines of care and petty troubles; Bending the plastic contour of my form With unaccustomed toil, decked in The tattered garb of dreary indigence. I WILL BE FREE. Patrician was I born, And I with safe-guards appertaining to my sphere Have been hedged round. Pride, caste, The love of power inherent in mankind, My own ambition (of which I have a vague imagining),

Parental love, the love of kindred, friends-All, all should have due weight in my determining; But free, wild, violent as was my Suabian ancestress, I hate the very thought of slavery, though gilded With the fairest pearls of Ind. My father tells me That he has pledged my hand. My hand! To one who is a libel on the name of man; Base, sensuous, sodden, ignorant, vile; Devoid of all that raises man above the brute. And I, perforce, must be the wife of such! Must drag Life's lengthening chain tied to such incubus. It must not be. Before high Heaven, On bended knee, I vow that never, never will I, A willing or unwilling bride be led to gratify The lusts of such a vampire, bestial, brutish, gross. Never, never. Tonight, beneath the shadow of Saint Mark

I'll meet my lover and arrange our flight,
Bidding adieu to Venice. Where then?
To Tuscany where Pietro says he has an uncle
High in the duke's esteem, who will his influence invoke
Tolfavor us. Yet I am sad, am sad
At thought of leaving Venice, Queen of the seas,
Proud empress of the East. To bid adieu to home
And all that makes life glad, to leave thy Grand Canal
Thy watery, safe and noiseless streets
To tread the stony hills and paves of Florence,
Where, as to sailor from the seas returned,
The ground will seem unstable to my feet.
Down, tears! fie! fie! adieu, adieu." (exit)

## "MY CAMBRIAN LASS JEAN."

1 The songsters of Castile may boast of the charms
Of Spain's dark-haired passionate maids;
And Attican poets vow none can compare
With those of Olympian glades;
The Gaul may affirm that for beauty and grace
You must search by the waves of the Seine;
But there dwells not a maid in the universe wide

That I love like my Cambrian lass Jean. CHORUS.—

There is none like my Cambrian lass Jean; In my heart she reigneth supreme; Oh! there dwells not a maid in the universe wide To compare with my Cambrian lass Jean.

I have known many damsels, in various climes,
With features more faultlessly fair;
More polished in manner, more graceful in form,
And gifted with intellects rare.

No fortune has she nor blazon of birth, Nor argent or golden sheen; But soul-jewels lovely as pearls of the sea Grace the brow of my Cambrian lass Jean.

#### CHORUS-

It may be the eyes of my Cambrian lass Jean
Do not scintillate, sparkle and shine,
Nor captivate lovers like those in the lands
Of the olive, the figtree and vine;
Less classic her profile, perchance, than the maids
On the banks of the sunny Egean;
But there's constancy, love, virtue, honor and truth
In the breast of my Cambrian lass Jean.

#### CHORUS-

No mixture has she of base alien blood—
Shemitic or Mongal strains;
Neither does the fierce blood of the desert
Course maddening through her veins.
Unlike the Sirrocco's scorching breath,
But placid and calm and serene
Like to a deep ocean current
Is the love of my Cambrian lass Jean.

#### CHORUS-

She dates not her lineage back to the days
When William with blood-reeking hands
Divided amongst his partisans
The stolen Saxon lands.
Titled blood may not course through my mountain girls veins,
Yet in my heart she reigneth supreme,

And the heraldic page could not add one whit To the charms of my Cambrian lass Jean.

CHORUS-

## MARIAR! MARIAR!! MARIAR!!!

BEING A PORTION OF A SERENADE DELIVERED FRIEND THOMAS CATT ESQUIRE.

I have traversed the plains with an emigrant train; Big Injuns I've slain by the score;

I have shot elk and moose on the Saskatchewan, And seals on Alaska's cold shore:

I've been roused from my slumbers, on Neptunes broad breast,

By the maddening cry of fire!

But this shocks my nerves more than all sounds combined:

Mariar! Mariar! Mariar!

#### CHORUS-

Mariar! Mariar! Mariar! Oh, list to my tuneful lyre; There's no tune invented, by man so resented As this chorus, Mariar! Mariar!! Sh—

I have known cannon rattle and tear up the ground, With twenty-two hundred weight loaded;

I have ridden a mile on a huge granite rock When Altruria mountain exploded;

I heard Bill Stubbs howl as the toe of my boot Drove him plump through a thicket of briar;

But there's naught like a T—— Cat that enters the yard

And shrieks out Mariar! Mariar!

#### CHORUS-

A pig may squeal lustily under a gate; A dog may howl loudly and long; I bid them defiance and sleep soundly on Through the din of a Japanese gong. Loud thunders may peal, Big Injuns may squeal Like when David of old slew Goliar; But sleep quick dispels if a Thomas C--- yells Mariar! Mariar! Mariar!

# CHORUS.

## I ERRATA.

The fifth stanza of Shiraz should read: Judges, Prophets, Priests, Martyrs and Kings thou hast known;

Saul, David and Solomon, kingly in glory; Fair Sheba acknowledged the half was untold— Land of the Orient famous in story.

